

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/009,695	11/06/2001	Mark Guy Trowbridge	DN1999119USA	1290		
7:	590 09/08/2003					
The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company Patent and Trademark Department 1144 East Market Street Akron, OH 44316-0001			EXAMINER			
			PEZZLO, BENJAMIN A			
Akron, OH 44	1310-0001		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
			3683			
			DATE MAILED: 09/08/2003	DATE MAILED: 09/08/2003		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

~ · .								
		Application No.		Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/009,695		TROWBRIDGE, MARK GUY				
		Examiner		Art Unit				
		Benjamin A Pezzlo		3683				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	pears on the cover sheet	with the c	orrespondence addr	ess			
A SHOTHE! - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failu - Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. sions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl' period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may y within the statutory minimum of the will apply and will expire SIX (6) Most, cause the application to become	a reply be tim nirty (30) days DNTHS from the ABANDONEI	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this comr O (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nunication.			
Status								
1)□	Responsive to communication(s) filed on							
2a)☐	,	is action is non-final.						
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under				merits is			
Dispositi	on of Claims	Ex parto Quayro, 1000 C	J.D. 11, 4	00 0.0. 210.				
4)🖂	Claim(s) 1-7 and 9-11 is/are pending in the ap	pplication.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	wn from consideration.						
5)□	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-7 and 9-11</u> is/are rejected.							
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
-	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o on Papers	r election requirement.						
9)[The specification is objected to by the Examine	г.						
10)[The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)∐ acce	oted or b) objected to by	the Exar	miner.				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	= : :	-					
11) 🔲 -	The proposed drawing correction filed on	_ is: a)□ approved b)□	disappro	ved by the Examiner.				
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in re	•						
12)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer.						
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	n priority under 35 U.S.C	. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a)[☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:							
	1. Certified copies of the priority document	s have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority document	s have been received in	Application	on No				
* S	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prio application from the International Bu See the attached detailed Office action for a list	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a))).		age			
14) 🗌 🗚	cknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti	c priority under 35 U.S.C	C. § 119(e	e) (to a provisional a	pplication).			
)	• •						
Attachmen	t(s)							
2) Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _	5) Notice of		(PTO-413) Paper No(s). Patent Application (PTO-				
S. Patent and T	radomady Office				·			

Application/Control Number: 10/009,695

Art Unit: 3683

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-4 and 9-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Koeske et al.

Koeske et al. disclose an air spring for absorbing and transmitting shock loads between parts moveable relative to one another, the air spring including a flexible cylindrical sleeve 102 which is secured at each end to form a fluid chamber therein, a piston 94, the sleeve being secured to one end to a retainer 32 and being secured at the opposing end by the piston, the air spring being characterized by the retainer having an integrally formed intermediate ribbed reinforcement structure 10 to strengthen the retainer, allowing for direct mounting of the air spring to one of the moveable parts (see col. 4 lines 56-59), the intermediate ribbed reinforcement structure of the retainer comprising an outer plate (see col. 1 line 9: note that the spacer can be used for the bead plate 16, thus a structure congruent to outer plate 18 would be used for the bead plate side) and an inner plate 46 which are parallel to each other, and a plurality of ribs 56 that extend between the outer plate and the inner plate.

Koeske et al. fail to disclose, per claim 1, the retainer being integrally formed with the intermediate ribbed structure, or per claim 9, being formed as a unitary article. However, in *In*

Page 3

Application/Control Number: 10/009,695

Art Unit: 3683

re Larson 144 USPQ 347 (CCPA 1965), the court ruled that providing a one-piece construction would be merely a matter of obvious engineering choice. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to which the invention pertains at the time the invention was made to have provided the retainer of Koeske et al. as a one piece construction as a matter of obvious engineering choice.

Re claim 2, see ribs 56.

Re claim 3, Fig. 3.

Re claim 4, see ribs 82.

Re claim 10, Fig. 3.

Re claim 11, see ribs 82.

3. Claims 5-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Koeske et al.

Koeske et al. fail to disclose the characteristics of the materials which make up the retainer. Nonetheless, where the only difference between the prior art and the claims is a recitation of specific dimensions and the device having the claimed dimensions would not perform differently than the prior art device, the claimed device is not patentably distinct from the prior art device. *Gardner v. TEC Systems, 220 USPQ 777 (Fed. Cir. 1984)*, See MPEP 2144.04.IV.A. Here, the claimed dimensions do not cause the claimed invention to function differently than the device disclosed by Koeske et al. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to which the invention pertains at the time the invention was made to provided the device of Koeske with the claimed tensile and flex strengths in order to provide sufficient mechanical strength to the device.

Re claim 6, see col. 3 line 42.

Application/Control Number: 10/009,695

Art Unit: 3683

4. Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Koeske et al. in view of Geno et al. (US 4946144).

Koeske et al. do not disclose air inlet means extending through the intermediate ribbed reinforcement structure. Geno et al. disclose a retainer including ribs (see col. 4 lines 50-58) and air inlet means extending therethrough. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to which the invention pertains at the time the invention was made to have provided the retainer of Koeske with air inlet means extending through the ribbed reinforcement structure thereof in order to provide the spring with adjustable internal pressure.

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments filed 18 August 2003 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that Koeske's specific disclosure of the spacer being separate precludes a finding that making the spacer unitary with the retainer would have been obvious. However, Koeske et al. essentially teach that making the spacer separate from or unitary with the retainer is a design choice. Moreover, In re Larson provides that separating or integrating parts is a matter of design choice and thus obvious. Accordingly, the retainer being formed integrally with the spacer or the retainer being formed as a unitary article with the spacer would have been obvious at the time the invention was made.

Page 5

Conclusion

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Benjamin A Pezzlo whose telephone number is (703) 306-4617. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jack Lavinder can be reached on (703) 308-3421. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1113.

Decioning. R 338 9/5/03

Benjamin A Pezzlo Examiner Art Unit 3683

BAP September 5

September 5, 2003